





## For Sale.

## MacEwen, Frickel &amp; Co.

## VICTORIA EXCHANGE.

QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,  
ARE NOW LANDING

## DEVON'S NONPAREIL KEROSENE

OIL.

## HITCHCOCK MECHANICAL

'NO CHIMNEY'

## STUDENTS LAMP.

FAIRBANK'S SCALES.

MACKENZIE &amp; MACKENZIE'S

BISCUITS.

## NEW SEASON'S TEA.

in 5 or 10 Catty Boxes.

## YELLOW GOSHEW BUTTER.

in 5 or 10 lbs Tins.

Condensed MILK.

CALIFORNIA PRODUCTS.

COOKING STOVES.

AGATE IRON WARE.

MILNER'S FIRE PROOF SAFES.

Do. CASH AND PAPER

BOXES.

ALLEN &amp; GENTER'S

TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

BEER AND PORTER

in

Hogsheads.

THE USUAL ASSORTMENT

of

OILMAN'S STORES,

AND

WINES,

at the lowest possible prices

FOR CASH.

MacEwen, Frickel &amp; Co.

Hongkong, September 2, 1885. 1519

## FOR SALE.

## THE SPANISH STEAMER

PASIG.

Apply to

REMEDIOS &amp; Co.

Hongkong, September 4, 1885. 1531

## FOR SALE.

## JULES MUMM &amp; Co.'s

CHAMPAGNE.

Quarts.....\$20 per Case of 1 doz.

Pints.....\$21 " " 2 "

DUBOS FRÈRES &amp; Co. GERMANY'S

BORDEAUX CLARETS AND

WHITE WINES.

Bastier's Celebrated 'Barley Bree'

WHISKY, \$7½ per Case of 1 doz.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON &amp; Co.

Hongkong, July 16, 1884. 1187

## FOR SALE.

## A HOUSE at the PRANK, with Large

TENNIS GROUND attached. A

good view of the Harbour and out to Sea.

Apply to

'PEAK'

c/o THIS OFFICE.

Hongkong, April 11, 1885. 614

## FOR SALE.

## COURSE, DISTANCE,

AND

AVERAGE SPEED TABLES,

FROM

LONDON, via THE SUEZ CANAL,

TO

INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN, &amp;c.,

WITH

VARIOUS OTHER TABLES AND NOTES,

BY

W. A. GULLAND.

To be obtained at the

'CHINA MAIL' OFFICE,

Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD &amp; Co.

FALCONER &amp; Co.

Hongkong, September 2, 1884. 1475

## Intimations.

## WILLIAM DOLAN,

SAIL-MAKER &amp; SHIP-CHANDLER,

22, PRINCE STREET.

## COTTON DUCKS, HEMP CANYAS,

MANILA ROPE, AMERICAN

OAKUM, LIFE BUOYS,

CORK JACKETS,

&amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.

Hongkong, May 1, 1882. 266

## CHIEF WO LING KEE

HAS always on hand a STRAITS

LAUNCHES FOR HIRE. Charges

as follows:—

Wing-Shing, Wing-Chong, and Wing-Tai

For first hour,.....\$3.

" second ".....\$2.

" every subsequent hour,.....\$1.

Wing-Pak, Wing-Loy, and Wing-Lee

For first hour,.....\$2.

" second or subsequent hour,.....\$1.

Rates for towing Vessels and Cargo-boats,

or use of LAUNCHES for Excursions to

Macao, Canton, or other places may be

arranged at No. 23, WING WO STREET.

Hongkong, June 15, 1885. 979

## To Let.

## COLLEGE CHAMBERS, (late HOTEL

No. 4, Old Bailey Street.

Apply to

DAVID SASSOON, SONS &amp; Co.

Hongkong, May 11, 1885. 779

## TO LET.

No. 3, Lower Mosque Terrace.

Entry can be had immediately.

Apply to

ROBERT LANG &amp; Co.,

Queen's Road.

Hongkong, August 31, 1885. 1500

## TO LET.

BELVUE, Kowloon, with Garden and

Tennis Court attached. Entry at

once.

Apply to

G. C. ANDERSON,

13, Praya Central.

Hongkong, August 24, 1885. 1447

## TO LET.

THE OFFICES, No. 54, QUEEN'S ROAD

CENTRAL, at present in the occupation

of the HONGKONG, CANTON &amp; MACAO ST.

BOAT CO., Limited.

Entry on or about 1st July, 1885.

Apply to

G. C. ANDERSON,

13, Praya Central.

Hongkong, May 26, 1885. 601

## SHOPS AND GODOWNS,

TO BE LET.

Apply to

A. S. WATSON &amp; Co.

Hongkong, July 28, 1885. 1572

## TO LET.

(With Possession from 1st October, 1885.)

## HOUSE, No. 8, STANLEY STREET.

No. 31, WILMINGTON STREET.

Gas and Water laid on.

For Particulars, apply to

ROZARIO &amp; Co.

Hongkong, July 22, 1885. 1235

## TO LET.

OFFICES and CHAMBERS, No. 7,

QUEEN'S ROAD, lately occupied by

Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON &amp; Co.

Apply to

BIRD &amp; PALMER,

Who will exhibit Plans and arrange Offices

to suit applicants.

Hongkong, April 8, 1885. 597

## To-day's Advertisements.

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY,

LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY &amp; FOCHOW

(SHARP-PEAK).

The Co.'s Steamship

Douglas, Captain Youngs, will be

despatched for the above

Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 9th Inst., at

Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS LARPAK &amp; Co.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, September 5, 1885. 1542

## To-day's Advertisements.

## NOTICE.

## COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANÇAIS.

The Co.'s Steamship

Commandant RAYNER, will be despatched for

SHANGHAI TO-MORROW, the 6th

Instant, at 2 p.m.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Agent.

Hongkong, September 5, 1885. 1535

## NOTICE.

## COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANÇAIS.

The Co.'s Steamship

Commandant DE TAVIER, will be despatched for

YOKOHAMA TO-MORROW, the 6th

Instant, at 2 p.m.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Agent.

Hongkong, September 5, 1885. 1536

## STEAMSHIP ANADYR.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamships

Mélus, Thane and President, from Lon-

don, Antwerp and Bordeaux, are hereby in-

formed that their Goods—which are being

landed and stored at their risk at the

Company's Godowns, whose delivery may

be obtained immediately after landing—

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless

intimation is received from the Consignees

before Noon TO-DAY (Saturday), request-

ing it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

the Undersigned.

Goods remaining unclaimed after SATUR-

DAY, the 12th Instant, at Noon, will be

subject to rent, and landing charges at 1

cent. per package per day.

All Claims must be sent in to me on or

before the 15th Instant, or they will not be

recognized.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Agent.

Hongkong, September 5, 1885. 1537

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions

to Sell by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY,

the 11th September, 1885, at 2 p.m., at No.

22, WYNDHAM STREET,

THE WHOLE OF THE

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &amp;c.,

comprising:—

ENGLISH-MADE DRAWING-ROOM SUITE.

MARBLE-TOP CENTRE and SIDE TABLES.

MIRRORS, OIL PAINTINGS, CARPETS and

BEAUTIFUL FLOORING.

EXTENSION DINING TABLE, SIDEBOARD,

WHISKY, COGNAC, GLASS and PLATED

WARE.

DOUBLE IRON BEDSTEAD, WARDROBES,

CHEST OF DRAWERS, MARBLE-TOP TOILET

TABLE and WASHSTAND.

&amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.

Catalogues will be issued.

TERMS OF SALE, as customary.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, September 5, 1885. 1541

## To-day's Advertisements.

## OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL.

The Co.'s Steamship

Glaucus, Capt. Jackson, will be

despatched at Daylight

FOR FREIGHT or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE,

Agents.

Hongkong, September 5, 1885. 1538

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## THE OUTSIDER.

An outsider came down like a wolf on the fold.  
Less second in 'Confession' than a wolf on the fold.  
But a fair paying freight as such profits now go.

Then the 'Confession' came down like a wolf on the fold.  
They were staggered at seeing that bold aggressive foe.  
Between them they seemed that too evil deed.

So then they declared that the 'Confession' was done.  
Should be that thirty shillings, a very good price.  
They thought that this wolf which had come there  
Would, like the rich man, be some empty away.

But the outsider had come with her eyes all round.  
Were not they read when they heard that 'Confession' done?  
They had brought down the freight just to drive  
And there she was filled at a rate that would pay.

But the knowledge came later for the mischief was done.  
They of course looked their ship at thirty a ton.  
And the 'Confession' came down like a wolf on the fold.  
At that sweet thirty shillings no quietly snip.

## H. M. S. INVINCIBLE.

In noting a recent visit of the Acting  
Governor of the Straits Settlements to H.  
B. M. S. Invincible, now lying in Singapore  
Harbour, the *Free Press* gives the following  
interesting description of the torpedo ap-  
paratus attached to the ship, and the prac-  
tice made.

As very few residents in the East have  
any but the vaguest ideas as to what torpedoes  
are, and how they are used, we have gathered  
certain particulars which, we believe, will  
interest our readers. Those few to whom  
torpedoes and their belongings are familiar  
objects, will doubtless pardon what they  
may deem unnecessary details for the bene-  
fit of less well-informed readers.

The torpedo itself is a cigar or shuttle-  
shaped affair of iron plate, pointed at both  
ends. The foremost end carries, in actual  
warfare, an exploding charge of gunpowder.  
This is ignited by a detonating fuse, the  
application of which is the only practical  
danger in handling the contrivance. The  
other end, however, is provided with a  
smaller, but more delicate apparatus, which  
we shall presently allude to, but the only one  
recognized as of importance is connected with  
the fuse. In practice, however, both the  
gunpowder and fuse are dispensed with. In  
place of them, a small cylinder filled with  
some preparation of phosphorus or cal-  
cium is inserted, while the space properly  
filled by gunpowder is occupied by wood of  
the same weight. The head, on reaching the  
water, becomes ignited by contact, and, as  
the torpedo reaches the end of its run,  
marks its whereabouts by a bright flame  
and smoke. By daylight, of course, the  
flame is not so perceptible, but the smoke  
gives a sufficient indication of its locality.  
At night the effect of the former is very  
striking.

From the cap to what, if speaking of a  
boat, would be called the stern of the in-  
strument, a smooth polished surface alone meets  
the eye. But the mechanism at this rear  
end at once attracts attention. The pro-  
pelling power consists of the screws, right  
and left handed, working through the same  
shaft. This contrivance, Dr. Ferguson, Dr.  
Gordon, Dr. Laperne, and Dr. Hall, well  
of the Police Board. The operation  
consisted in laying open the cavity of the  
abdomen and exposing the stomach, bowels,  
liver, and pancreas. When this had been  
done, an examination of the organs was  
made, but to the horror and dismay of the  
doctors, there was no cancer to be found.  
The patient did not have a cancer. When  
too late, the medical men discovered that  
they had made a terrible mistake. They  
saw the parts together and dressed the  
wound that they had made, but the poor  
woman sank from exhaustion and died in a  
few hours. How sad it must be for the  
husband of this poor woman to know that  
his wife died from the effects of a surgical  
operation that ought never to have been  
performed. If this woman had taken the  
proper remedy for dyspepsia (for this is  
what the disease really was), she would  
have been living to-day. Seigel's Curative  
Syrup, a remedy made expressly for dys-  
pepsia or indigestion, has restored many  
such cases to perfect health after all other  
kinds of treatment have failed. The evi-  
dence of its efficacy in curing this case  
is too voluminous to be published here,  
but those who read the publishers' remedy  
do not question its convincing nature; and  
the article has an extensive sale. Sold  
by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors  
throughout the world, and by Dr. Wm.  
Priestley, A. J. White, Limited, 17, Far-  
rington Road, London, E.C.

Another case in point.  
Crofton, Christian Co., Ky., U.S.A.  
January 5th, 1882.  
Dear Sir,—My daughter, Sarah F.  
Walker, last January was confined to her  
bed, and had been so for several months.  
After treatment of three months by phy-  
sicians, who said she had Consumption and  
Heart Disease. The doctors and all that  
saw her said she was bound to die. But I  
persuaded her to take your Seigel Curative  
Syrup, and after having used two and a  
half bottles she was restored to per-  
fect health, and said she felt better than  
she had for five years. My daughter is  
now living and enjoying good health, but  
had it not been for your medicine she would  
have been long dead.—Yours, &c.,  
(Rev.) M. Melton.

Any one doubting this can write to Sa-  
rah F. Walker, Crofton, Ky.  
N.B.—If you think this worth printing,  
please do so; if not, give it to the waste  
basket.

PHONOGRAPH HOBBIES BY FOUR DOCTORS.  
Mr. W. Boucher, Eastover, Bridgewater,  
sends the following:—  
West Quay, Bridgewater,  
December 21st 1883.  
Dear Sir,—It affords me great pleasure  
to add my testimony to the wonderful effects  
of Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup. For a  
period of eight years I suffered from a  
severe complaint of indigestion, with frequent  
attacks of rheumatism, and for seven  
months I was under medical treatment,  
without deriving the slightest benefit. The  
last four doctors I was under assured me  
that mine was a hopeless case, and gave me  
up as incurable. About that time I  
heard of your Syrup, which I was in-  
duced to try, and through its use, I am  
thankful to say, I quickly got restored to  
health, and am now able to follow my usual  
occupation. I may say that whenever I  
feel the least symptom of my old com-  
plaints I at once take a few doses of the  
Syrup, which quickly restores all rights.  
I send you this in the hope that other suffer-  
ers may be induced to give the Syrup a  
trial.—Yours truly,  
(Signed) W. Boucher.

AFTER MANY YEARS.  
White-le-Weed, near Chorley,  
December 26th, 1883.  
Dear Sir,—Mother Seigel's medicine  
has exceeded well with me, all that try it  
speak highly in its favour. We had a case  
of a young lady that had been troubled  
many years with pains after eating. She  
tells us that the pains were entirely taken  
away after a few doses of your medicine.  
Yours truly,  
E. PEAR.

handy way in which the spent torpedoes  
were picked up. A gig and steam launch  
were in attendance for this purpose, and a  
ship nose, being thrown over one of the  
torpedoes, was towed alongside, taken  
up by chain slings, and in a few minutes  
was charged, and again ready to fulfil its  
mission of destruction, were it being used  
in real warfare. It is impossible  
to exaggerate the impression created by  
seeing one of these machines driving like a  
gigantic fish, at enormous speed towards  
its prey. The cost of each torpedo, when  
supplied by private enterprise, used to be  
about £450. As manufactured by our own  
Government, they come to about £250 each.  
Having thus been shown the offensive  
power of the vessel in this torpedo way,  
the visitors to the *Invincible* had an oppor-  
tunity of seeing how the vessel would be  
defended from torpedo attack. A literal  
flood of bullets from the Gardner and  
Nordenflieth guns, and a well-stocked fire  
of Armstrong and steel guns on the  
upper deck of the battery, gave one a vivid  
idea of what an attacking party would have  
to face—and that seemed about as certain  
a death as could be provided for 'unwelcome  
visitors.'

A FATAL MISTAKE IN AMERICA.  
The *Cincinnati* (Ohio, U.S.A.) Press, of  
Feb. 23, 1883, publishes an account of a  
fatal surgical operation which has caused  
a great commotion among medical men  
throughout the whole country. Dr. Thayer,  
the most eminent surgeon in Cleveland,  
pronounced by accident, on the 20th  
Mrs. King had been suffering for many  
years with some disease of the stomach  
which had resisted the treatment of all the  
physicians in attendance. The disease com-  
menced with a slight derangement of the  
digestion, with a poor appetite, followed by  
a peculiar indigestible distress in the stom-  
ach, a feeling that had been described as  
a faint 'all gone' sensation, a sticky slime  
collecting about the teeth, causing a dis-  
agreeable taste, especially in the morning.  
This sensation was not removed by food,  
but on the contrary, it was increased. The  
eyes then became tinged with yellow, and  
were sunken. After awhile the hands and  
feet became cold and sticky—a cold perspi-  
ration. There was a constant tired and  
languid feeling. Then followed a dreadful  
nervousness, with gloomy forebodings.  
When trying suddenly there came a dizzy  
feeling like vertigo. After a time the  
bowels became constipated, so that it was dif-  
ficult to procure a movement without a  
cathartic. Soon followed a disposition to  
spit up the food after eating, sometimes in a  
scurvy, fermented condition. All this dis-  
turbance caused a terrible palpitation of  
the heart, so as to make the breathing diffi-  
cult. Finally, the patient was unable to  
retain any food whatever, and there was  
constant pain in the abdomen. All pre-  
scribed remedies failing, give was decided  
that the patient had a cancer in the stom-  
ach, and in order to save the patient's  
life, an operation was justifiable. Accord-  
ing, on Feb. 22, 1883, the operation was  
performed by Dr. Vance, in the presence  
of Dr. Duckerman, Dr. Ferris, Dr. Arnold,  
Dr. Gordon, Dr. Laperne, and Dr. Hall,  
well of the Police Board. The operation  
consisted in laying open the cavity of the  
abdomen and exposing the stomach, bowels,  
liver, and pancreas. When this had been  
done, an examination of the organs was  
made, but to the horror and dismay of the  
doctors, there was no cancer to be found.  
The patient did not have a cancer. When  
too late, the medical men discovered that  
they had made a terrible mistake. They  
saw the parts together and dressed the  
wound that they had made, but the poor  
woman sank from exhaustion and died in a  
few hours. How sad it must be for the  
husband of this poor woman to know that  
his wife died from the effects of a surgical  
operation that ought never to have been  
performed. If this woman had taken the  
proper remedy for dyspepsia (for this is  
what the disease really was), she would  
have been living to-day. Seigel's Curative  
Syrup, a remedy made expressly for dys-  
pepsia or indigestion, has restored many  
such cases to perfect health after all other  
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